

Alternatives Considered but Not Proposed For Detailed Study “Purple Corridors”

Sub-segment	Reference Points	Explanation (Basis for no further consideration at this time)
Segment 1 East Windstar to Aeolus		
Thunder Basin	1, 1Ea, 1Eb	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follows less steep terrain. • However, closely parallels historic trail • Crosses US Forest Service land.
Medicine Bow	1Eb, 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More direct corridor. • However, located further from wind resources serviced by the proposed alternative. • This alternative is in closer proximity to biological resources having conservation practices with stipulations that limit/restrict seasonal presence and proximity of disturbance (sage grouse).
Segment 2 Aeolus to Creston		
Seven Mile	2, 2b, 2c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This alternative would cross a planned wind farm. • Operational integrity of transmission line and wind farm are in conflict with one another.
Rawlins	2d, 2f	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stays within Section 368 Energy Act Corridor and existing utility corridor. • However, the alternative could not reasonably avoid existing infrastructure (oil and gas wells). • This alternative is in closer proximity to biological resources having conservation practices with stipulations that limit/restrict seasonal presence and proximity of disturbance (sage grouse).
	2h, 2i	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stays within Section 368 Energy Act Corridor and existing utility corridor. • However, the alternative could not reasonably avoid existing infrastructure (oil and gas wells). • This alternative is in closer proximity to biological resources having conservation practices with stipulations that limit/restrict seasonal presence and proximity of disturbance (sage grouse).
Segment 3 Creston to Jim Bridger		
Tipton	3, 3b, 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stays within the Section 368 Energy Act Corridor and existing utility corridor. • However, the alternative could not reasonably avoid existing infrastructure (oil and gas wells) and other surface disturbances.
Segment 4 Jim Bridger to Populus		
Kemmerer	4a, 4d, 4e	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stays within more Section 368 Energy Act Corridor. • However, this alternative is at least six miles longer than the proposed alternative. • This alternative uses less of the existing 345kV corridor. • This alternative is in closer proximity to biological resources having conservation practices with stipulations that limit/restrict seasonal presence and proximity of disturbance (sage grouse, elk winter range and calving areas). •

Sub-segment	Reference Points	Explanation (Basis for no further consideration at this time)
	4f, 4g	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative stays along more of the existing 345 corridor, but does not avoid resource concerns. This alternative is in close proximity to high value National Historic Trails.
Segment 5 Populus to Borah		
Deep Creek	5a, 5c, 5d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative avoids VRM Class II areas. However, it is considerably longer.
	5b, 5e	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative is shorter. However it would create a second corridor across visual resource management (VRM) Class II areas.
Segment 6 Borah to Midpoint		
No alternatives warrant consideration in this segment due to no new construction. Line will be “re-energized” to 500kV.		
Segment 7 Populus to Cedar Hill		
Deep Creek	7a, 7b, 7d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative avoids VRM Class II areas. However, it is considerably longer.
Burley	7h, 7n, 7s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative is longer. This alternative passes through irrigated agricultural lands (primarily center pivot).
	7m, 7p, 7q, 7t, 7s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative is longer. This alternative passes through irrigated agricultural lands (primarily center pivot)
	7m, 7p, 7o, 7q,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative passes through fewer agricultural areas. However, it is longer
	7p, 7q	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative passes through fewer agricultural areas. However, it is longer
	5, 7r, 7q, 7s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This is the most direct alternative. However, it crosses US Forest Service lands in multiple locations. This alternative is in closer proximity to biological resources having conservation practices with stipulations that limit/restrict seasonal presence and proximity of disturbance (sage grouse).
Segment 8 Midpoint to Hemingway		
North Snake River	8, 8d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stays within the Section 368 Energy Act Corridor and existing utility corridor. However, this alternative has multiple crossings of the Snake River. This alternative has additional impacts from crossing visual resource management (VRM) Class II areas.
	8a, 8c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative has multiple crossings of the Snake River. This alternative is in close proximity to developed land uses (agricultural residential, commercial). This alternative is primarily a greenfield corridor.
	8b, 8e	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative is primarily a greenfield corridor. This alternative has additional impacts from crossing visual resource management (VRM) Class II areas.

Sub-segment	Reference Points	Explanation (Basis for no further consideration at this time)
	8b, 8f	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative is primarily a greenfield corridor. This alternative is longer but avoids crossing visual resource management (VRM) Class II areas.
Segment 9 Cedar Hill to Hemingway		
Magic Valley	9, 9e, 9f	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative passes through irrigated agricultural lands (primarily center pivot). This alternative is in close proximity to rural residential development.
	9c, 9d, 9e, 9g, 9h	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This alternative stays within the Section 368 Energy Act Corridor and existing utility corridor over the majority of its length. However, it is considerably longer.
Saylor Creek	9b, 9m	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alternative avoids the constriction point between Saylor Creek Bombing Range and Bruneau Dunes State Park. This alternative does not follow the Section 368 Energy Act Corridor. This alternative is considerably longer. This alternative has additional impacts from crossing visual resource management (VRM) Class II areas and Bruneau Canyon
Segment 10 Cedar Hill to Midpoint		
Minidoka	10a, 10c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follows existing transmission line, but does not avoid Minidoka National Monument.
Segment 7 and 9 – I-84 and Cedar Hill Substation Alternative		
Burley/Magic Valley/Saylor Creek	7g, 7i, CH2 (alternate location for Cedar Hill Substation), 9g	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjacent to existing transportation corridor. However, this alternative may affect developed land uses (residential, agricultural, industrial and commercial) along the transportation corridor. This alternative would require re-location of the Cedar Hill substation.